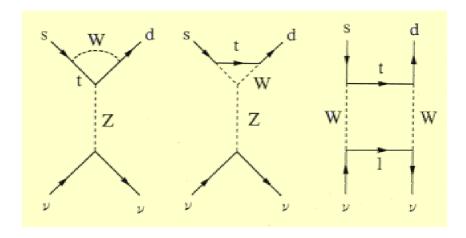
Introduction to the E391a

E391a Collaboration

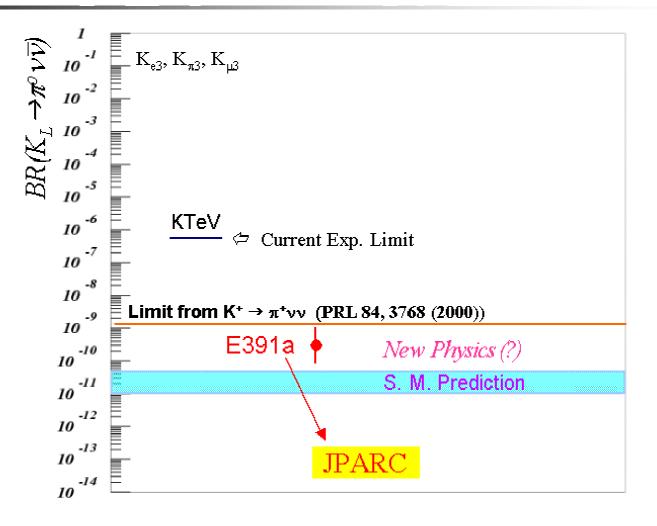
High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, KEK, Japan Institute for Nuclear Research (Dubna), Russia Joint Department of Physics, Kyoto University, Japan National Defense Academy of Japan, Japan Department of Physics, National Taiwan University, Taiwan Department of Physics, Osaka University, Japan Department of Physics, Pusan National University, Korea Research Center for Nuclear Physics, Osaka University, Japan Faculty of Science and Engineering, Saga University, Japan Department of Physics, University of Chicago, USA Department of Physics, Yamagata University, Japan

 $K_1 \rightarrow \pi^0 v \overline{v} physics$

- Flavor Changing Neutral Current
- Direct CP violation (∆s =1)
 Im(Vtd) measurement
- Very small theoretical ambiguity Only top loop in SM *clean and pure*
- Last frontier in K-decay
 challenging



Experimental situation - Current and future -



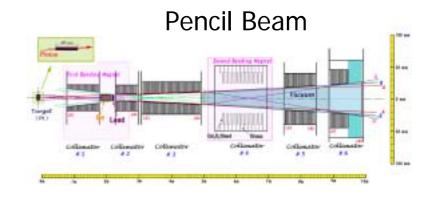
Mile stones

- Dec.1996:
- Mar.1999:
- July 2001:
- Oct. 2002:
- Nov.2003:

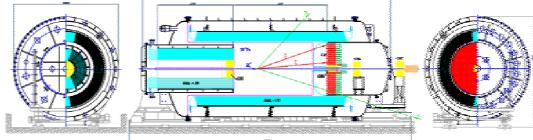
- conditionally approved
- constructed the beam line
 - approved
 - engineering run
 - middle section (last vacuum chamber) arrived
- 18 Feb. 2004: Started data taking

Detection Method

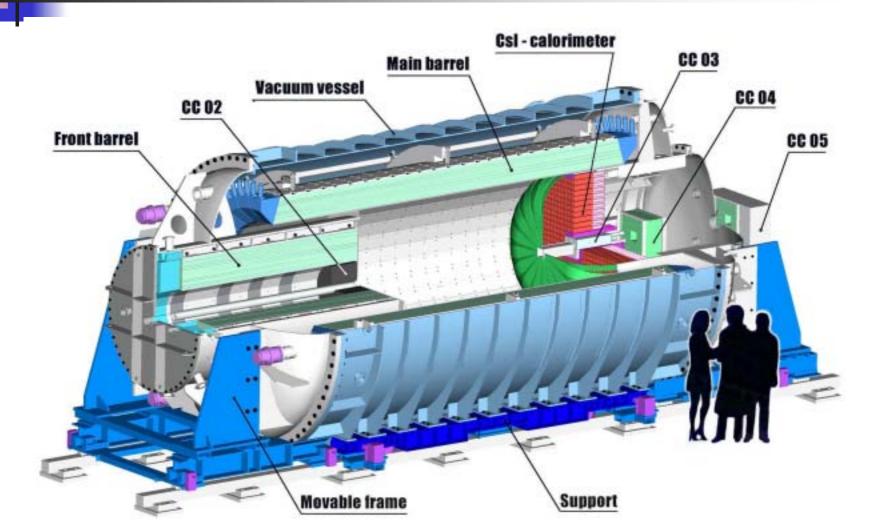
- Pencil beam
- Detector with complete veto system
 - 4π coverage with thick calorimeter
 - Wide acceptance
 - Double decay chamber
 - Operation in high vacuum
- High P_T selection
- Step by step approach
 - KEK-PS E391a
 - JPARC



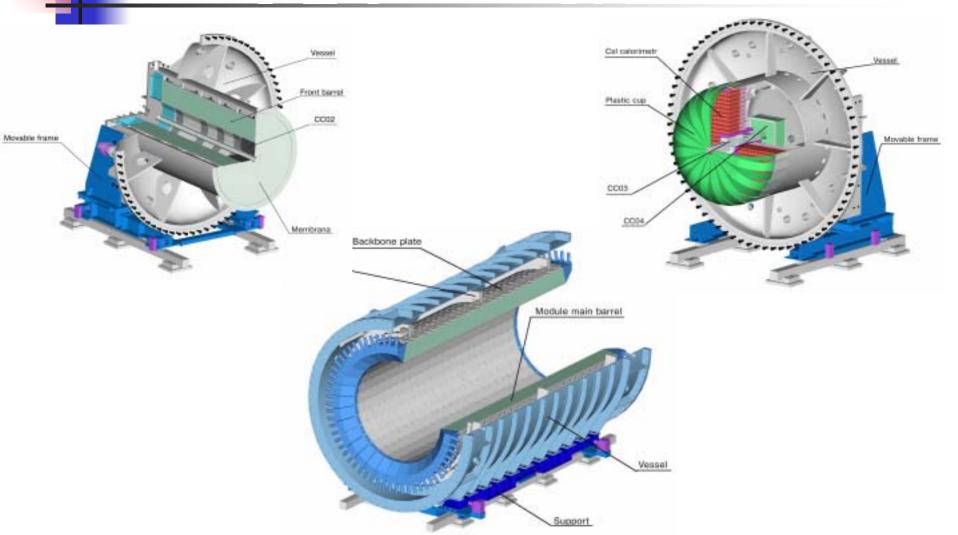
Detector system



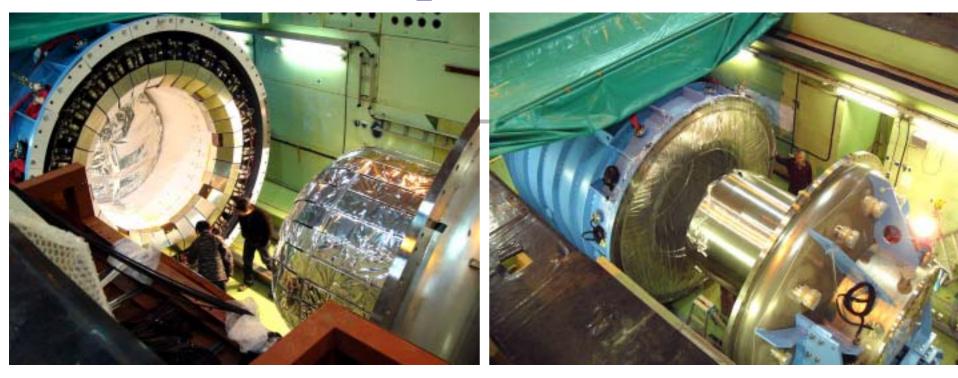
Detector system



Detector system (Cont.)



Detector Integration

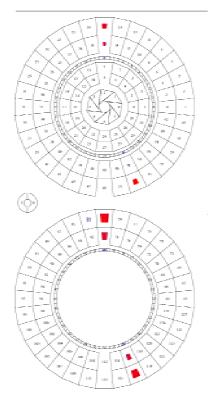


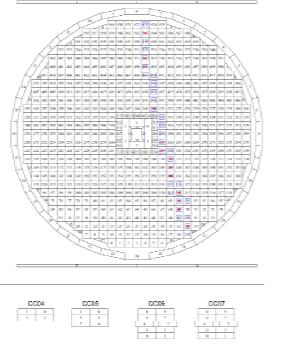


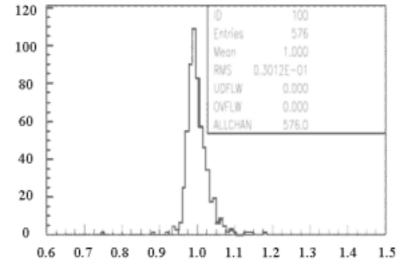
Jan 22, 2004



Run 1301 Spill 413 Event 174 Thu Feb 19 13:39:55 2004 - Trig = 0x0014 : Cosmic, Neluster, - Nelus=8

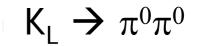


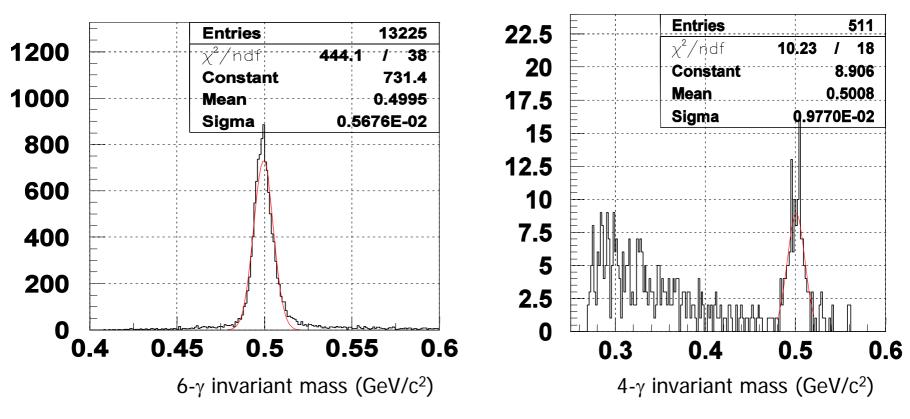


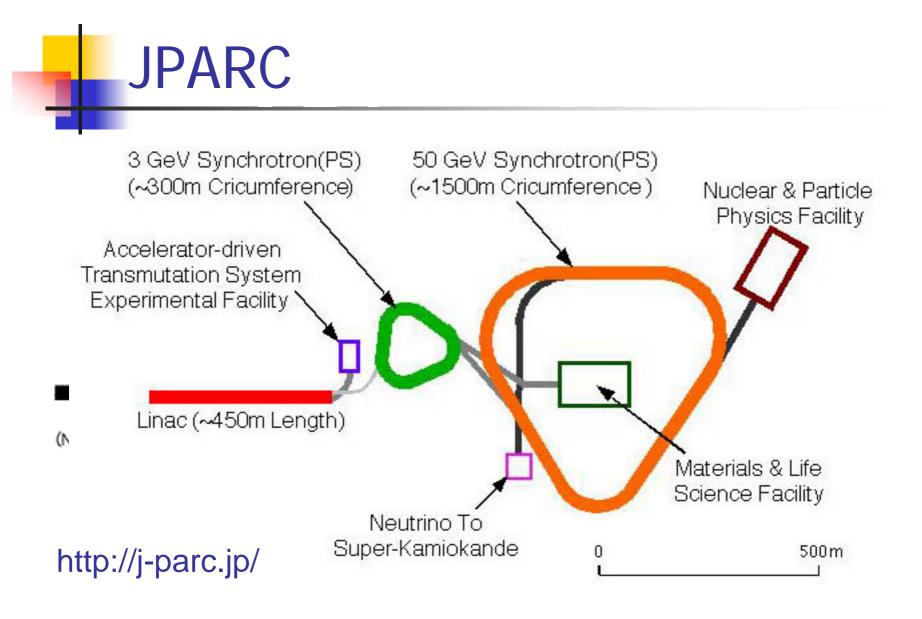


Clearly reconstructed K_L decay modes

• $K_{I} \rightarrow \pi^{0}\pi^{0}\pi^{0}$







A-line plan at JPARC

